



ESSOR

European **S**ecure **S**oftware defined **R**adio

PROGRAMME ACHIEVEMENTS & PERSPECTIVES

WInnComm Europe 2016 – Paris – 11 Oct. 2016





Agenda



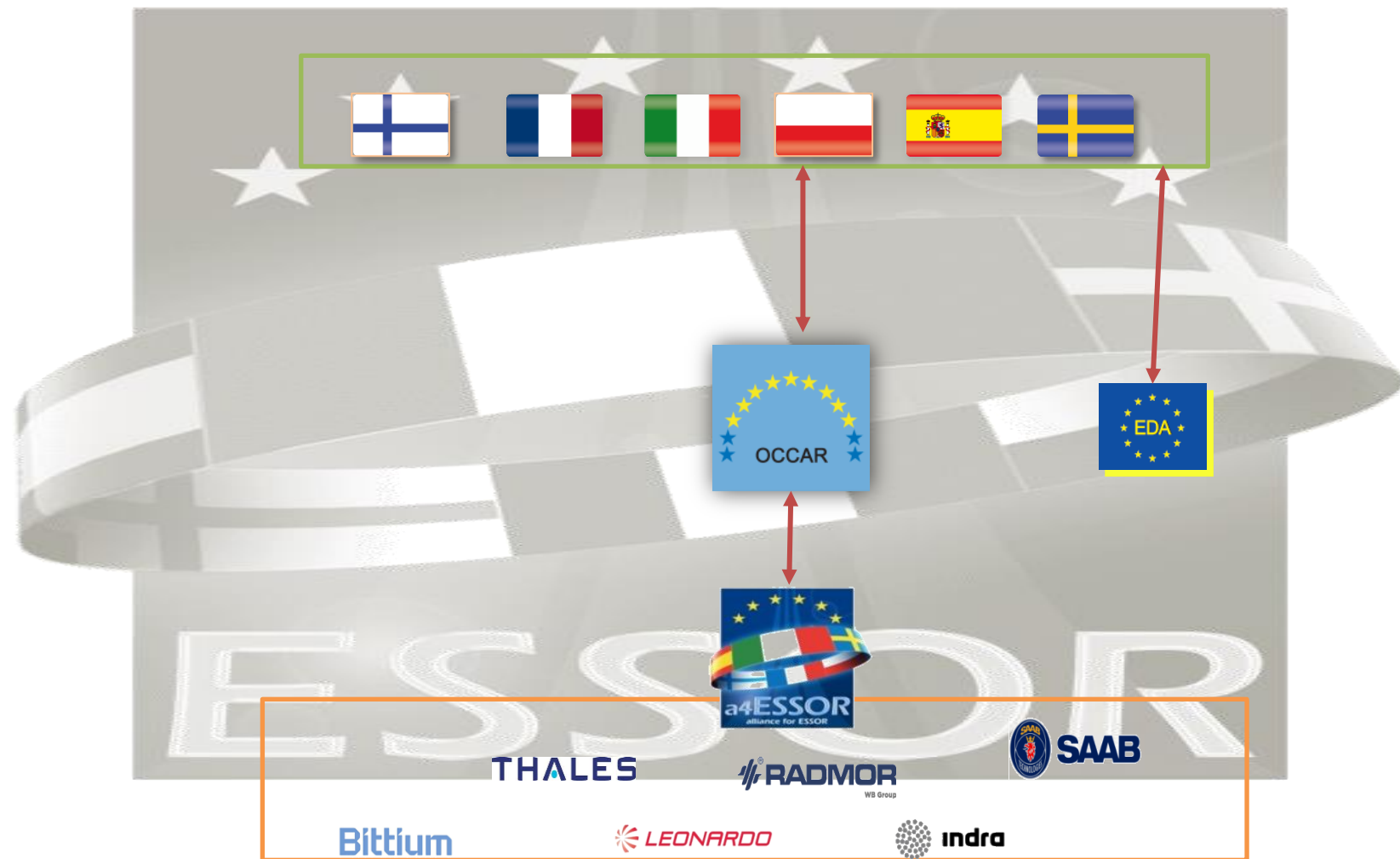
1. ESSOR Programme Achievements
2. ESSOR HDRWF Overview
3. Successful Interoperability Testing events
4. SCA Standards Evolutions
5. Follow-on activities
6. Conclusions



1. ESSOR Programme Achievements

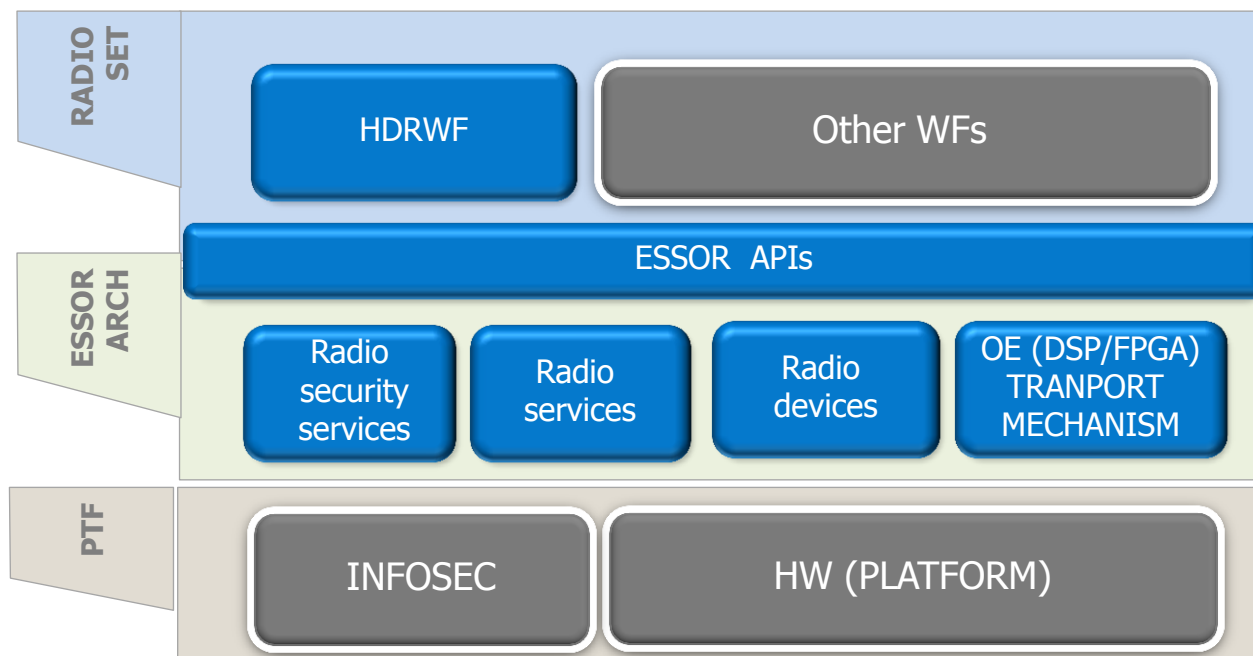


ESSOR Stakeholders





ESSOR Architecture

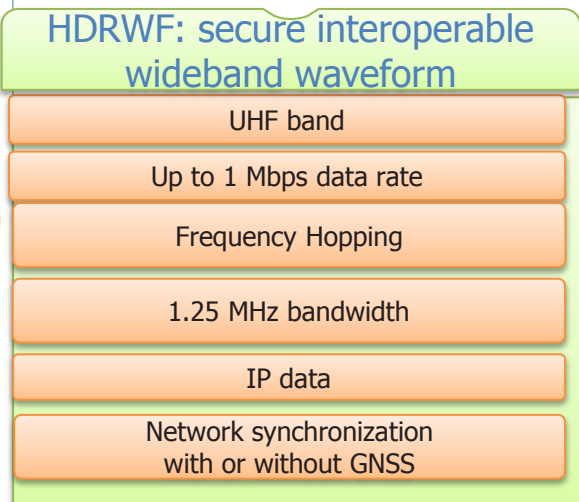


Common product

National product



ESSOR HDRWF

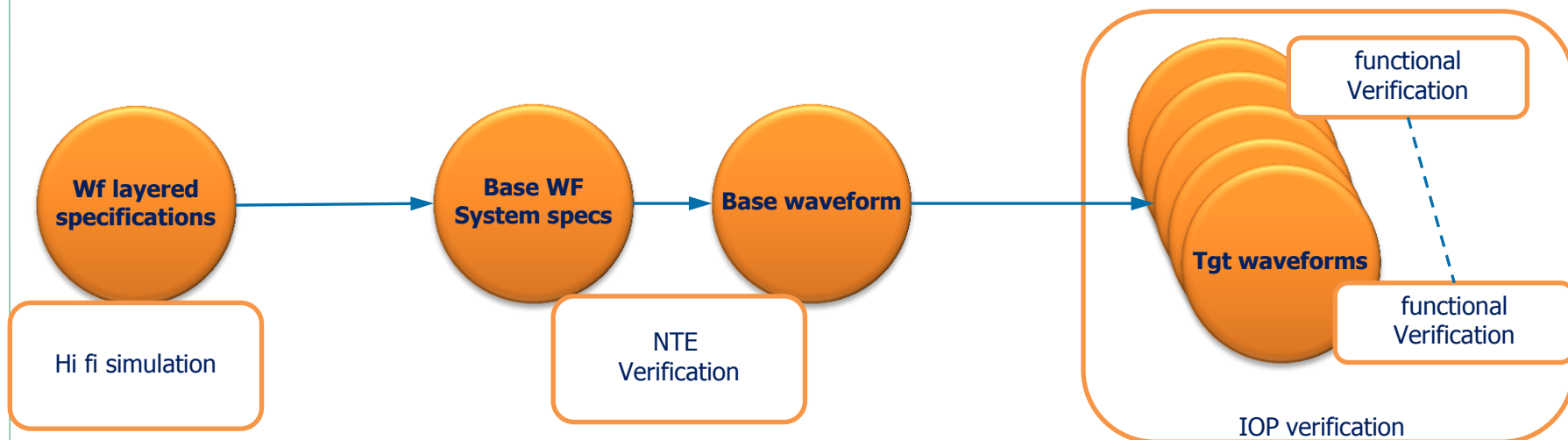




ESSOR methodology : way of success



Common Implementation methodology



Common verification methodology & tools



2. ESSOR HDRWF Overview

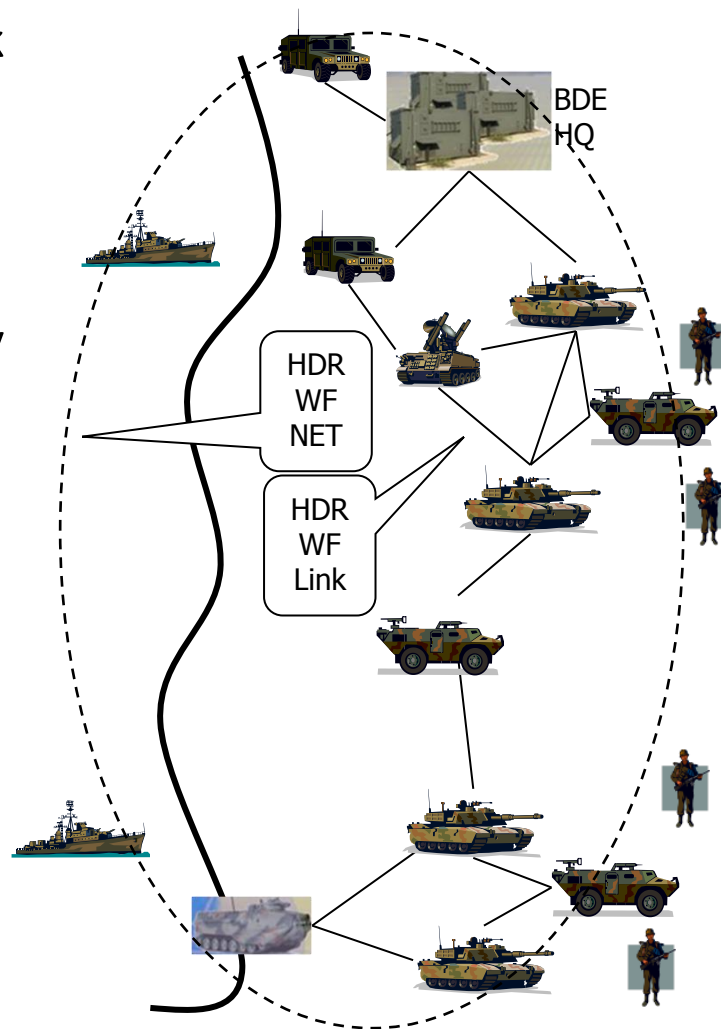


ESSOR HDRWF Main Benefits



ESSOR HDRWF is a **Secure Coalition Network**

- Enhances connectivity by providing a High Data Rate network
- Enables growth capacity of the forces through Ad-hoc network, self-organising / self-healing
- Improves efficiency of the forces on the move
- Enables Network Centric Warfare
 - Vertical / horizontal communications
 - Transverse network used to interconnect CNR networks and/or Area Networks
 - IP Inter-networking between HDRWF network and legacy/future networks through open interfaces





ESSOR HDR WF Key Features



Secure Coalition WF Brigade and Below:

- UHF 225-400 MHz, ~1,25 MHz channel bandwidth
 - Allowing High Data Rate: up to 1 Mbps
- Up to 200 nodes per Network with
 - Efficient Frequency Resource usage (operate with few of frequency channels)
 - Dynamic Resource Allocation
- Ad-Hoc: Node Mobility up to 130 km/h (Land applications – extension to helicopters)
- Fully Secured: COMSEC / NETSEC / TRANSEC (Frequency Hopping)
- Robust Synchronization: With / Without / Mixed GNSS
 - Take benefit of GNSS when available (GNSS system agnostic)
- Operational use cases leaning on :
 - IP Unicast, Multicast, Broadcast, Full Duplex data and VoIP, Video streaming,
 - Join/split, Connectivity loss management



3. Successful Interoperability Testing events



Successful Interoperability Testing events



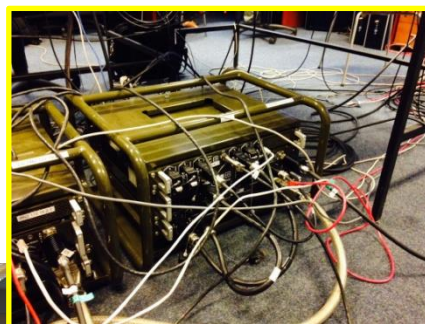
- **Interoperability in military radio-communications is achievable and achieved through software defined radio (SDR).**
- Each nation can use its own national SDR radio equipment and **interoperability is achieved through the usage of a common waveform application.**
 - ESSOR motto: ***“interoperability through portability”***.
- **Interoperability has been achieved among 5 different national SDR platforms from 5 different vendors/nations:**
 - 2 tactical radios (FRA and ITA), 1 tactical radio prototype (FIN), 2 lab demonstrators (ESP and POL).
- These events promote the **ESSOR HDR WF** as an excellent potential candidate solution for **multinational interoperability**.
- These events confirm that **ESSOR Architecture** and **ESSOR Methodology For WF Portability** are the first real cooperative success case in the military SDR panorama.



ESSOR HDRWF Interoperability Qualification (June 2015)



**Italian SDR
PTF**



**Finnish
SDR PTF**



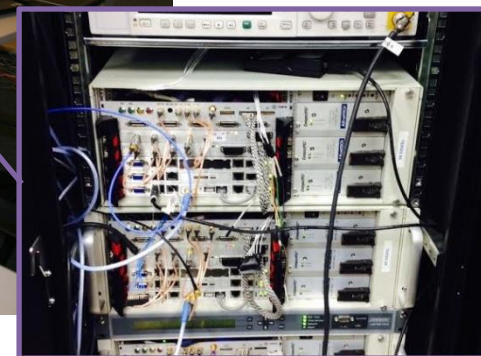
**Polish
SDR PTF**



**French SDR
PTF**



**Spanish SDR
PTF**



Heterogeneous platforms from the different ESSOR Nations



ESSOR Interoperability Demonstration to NATO / COALWNW (Nov/Dec 2015)



- Interoperability demonstrated in front of NATO and COALWNW (Gdynia – PL)
 - 6 nodes topology network in lab.
 - 4 different SDR from 4 ESSOR Nations
- Full HDRWF features (Network Building / Split / Merge, Rerouting, VoIP P2P & Conference, Multiple Video Calls, Video Streaming, File Transfer, IP Data, Full Security including Frequency Hopping, IPsec, OTAx,...)



ESSOR 2016

Interoperability Demonstrations



- Interoperability demonstrated full-week during Eurosatory 2016
 - Bittium / TCS interoperability (4 Nodes) on French MoD - CONTACT booth
 - Voice, Data, Video, highlighting the integration of the WF in a collaborative combat environment where sensors are interconnected
 - Bittium / Leonardo interoperability (2 Nodes) on Leonardo booth
 - Video streaming
- Bittium / Thales live “on-the-air” ESSOR demonstration during WinnComm 2016 (4 Nodes: Video, Voice, BFT, Chat, ...)





ESSOR HDRWF Field Testing & exercises



- ESSOR HDRWF Field Testing is currently being performed by several ESSOR Stakeholders
- A larger Interoperability Field test event (up to 15 nodes), performed by operational personnel in relevant operational scenario, is currently in preparation in Finland in Nov. 16 towards NATO and COALWNW
- Field Tests achievements, in line with ESSOR expectations and requirements, confirms the efficiency of the ESSOR methodology



ESSOR HDRWF Paper for WInnComm Europe 2016



ESSOR HDRWF – SECURE COALITION WAVEFORM VERIFICATION ACHIEVEMENTS

HDRWF Key Capabilities

- MANET and Synchronization, Remote and Local Management, IP Based Services, Spectrum and Signal in Space, Information Assurance

HDRWF Architecture

- PHY, MAC, LLC, MGT Layers

HDRWF Development Steps

- System Design, Base WF Software Development, Porting and National Tests, Interoperability Tests

System Level Verification Method

- Multinational Test Bed and Procedures

System Level Verification Results

Lessons Learnt

Future Evolutions of the HDRWF

ESSOR HDRWF – SECURE COALITION WAVEFORM VERIFICATION ACHIEVEMENTS

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ABSTRACT

This paper presents the system level verification achievements of the ESSOR High Data Rate Waveform (ESSOR HDRWF) in a coalition environment. After the summary of HDRWF capabilities and architecture, and the review of its development and validation steps, this paper focuses on the different levels of system verification activities performed nationally and multi-nationally through interoperability tests amongst the various national heterogeneous SDR platforms on which the HDRWF has been ported. The categorization of interoperability verification scenarios is presented along with the achieved performances matching the presented main capabilities.

Finally this paper highlights the lessons learned and presents the evolutions of the HDRWF currently in preparation.

1. INTRODUCTION

The European Secure Software defined Radio (ESSOR) Programme is a major Software Defined Radio (SDR) program established under the umbrella of the European Defence Agency (EDA)[1], sponsored by the governments of Finland, France, Italy, Poland, Spain and Sweden (ESSOR PS). The ESSOR PS decided to delegate the management of the programme to the Organisation Conjointe de Coopération en matière d'Armement (OCCAR) [2], that awarded the consequent contract to the joint venture Alliance for ESSOR (a4ESSOR S.A.S.) in charge of managing the industrial consortium composed of

the following respective National Champions (NC): Bitium, THALES Communications & Security, Finmeccanica, RADMOR, Indra and Saab AB.

Along with the definition and implementation of the ESSOR Architecture [3], extending the public part of the JTNC [4] Software Communications Architecture (SCA) [5], the main goal of the ESSOR Phase 1 programme was to specify, simulate and design the ESSOR High Data Rate Waveform (HDRWF), as a shared and portable software application (the HDR Base WF), to port and validate this waveform on heterogeneous national SDR platforms (PTF) and finally to demonstrate interoperability amongst these PTFs.

After summarizing HDRWF key capabilities (§2), this paper presents its development steps (§3), system level verification method (§4) and results (§5), lessons learned (§6), future evolutions (§7), and finally conclusions (§8).

2. HDRWF CAPABILITIES & ARCHITECTURE

This section summarizes the capabilities and architecture of the HDRWF, an innovative coalition secure high data rate mobile ad-hoc networking waveform for land military applications, brigade and below. An in-depth description of the HDRWF operational concepts of use can be found in [6]. HDRWF was designed mainly addressing the requirement of land operations.

2.1. HDRWF Key Capabilities



ESSOR HDRWF Paper for WInnComm Europe 2016

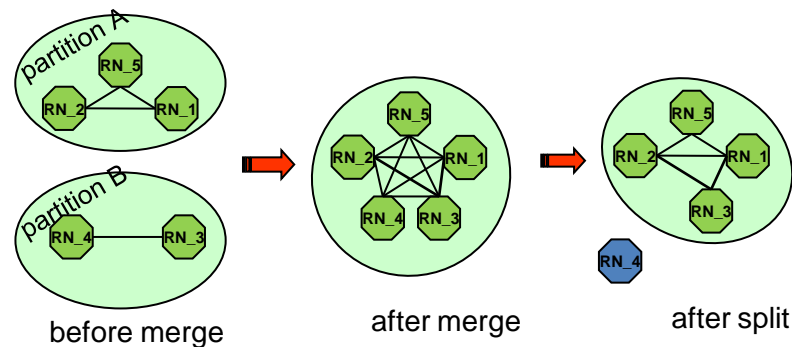
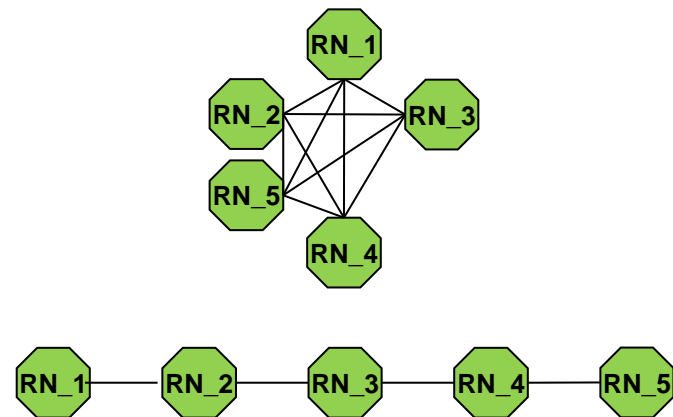


ESSOR HDRWF – SECURE COALITION WAVEFORM VERIFICATION ACHIEVEMENTS

System Level Verification Results (extracts)

| Network Initialization | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|----------|---------|-------------|
| Network size | Network Topology | Mobility | GNSS | Performance |
| 5 | all neighbor | Static | Without | < 20 sec |
| 5 | all neighbor | Static | With | < 15 sec |
| 5 | Chain | Static | Without | < 25 sec |
| 5 | Chain | Static | With | < 20 sec |
| 5 | all neighbor | Mobility | Without | < 30 sec |
| 5 | all neighbor | Mobility | With | < 15 sec |

| Networks Merging / Splitting | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------|
| Network size | Network Topology | Node Mobility | GNSS | Performance |
| (3+2) to 5 | 2 Clusters merging | Mobility | Without | < 30 sec |
| | | Mobility | With | < 15 sec |
| 5 to (4+1) | 1 Cluster splitting in 2 | Mobility | Without | < 15 sec |
| | | Mobility | With | < 15 sec |



Fast Network Initialization and Maintenance (With / Without GNSS)



4. SCA Standards Evolution



SCA Standards Evolution



- Relying on ESSOR Architecture, ESSOR Community contributed to SCA 4.1 **Application Environment Profiles (AEPs) and Interface Definition Language (IDL) (ultra-)lightweight profiles.**
- The ESSOR Community really appreciated the **joint multinational efforts** performed in the **framework of the WINNF SCA 4.1 WGs** for elaborating the SCA 4.1 specifications, **integrating positively significant contributions provided by ESSOR**, and appreciates **SCA 4.1 normative reference to WINNF Std. "PIM IDL Profiles"**
- The ESSOR Community notes favourably that **Backwards Compatibility with SCA 2.2.2 and Resource Constrained OE** have been at the core of SCA 4.1 efforts, enabling **re-use of past WF developments** (as ESSOR HDRWF and National / NATO WFs) and further **extending applicability of SCA on DSPs and FPGAs.**
- The ESSOR Community is looking positively to the **WINNF Transceiver (XCVR) Next efforts** and highlights the importance of **caring about Backward Compatibility, a key driver for future consideration.**
- As future phase of the ESSOR Programme is being initiated, the ESSOR Community is considering evaluating the impact of **WINNF Specifications** and **issued SCA 4.1** for **future enhancements of the ESSOR Architecture**, with the goal to **maintain the compatibility with the SCA.**



Relationship OCCAR-WInnF

- **OCCAR-WInnF agreement (“MoU”)** for the **exchange of information** in order to support the **harmonisation of the Software Communication Architecture (SCA) standards at international level** is in place since beginning of 2016
- ESSOR Transceiver APIs released to WINNF CCSCA
- ESSOR Timing service API ready to be released
- ESSOR PS investigates further release of information through OCCAR according to the progress of the harmonization activities in WINNF



5. Follow on Activities



Perspectives



To make ESSOR operationally use on the fields

Manage fielding

Technical testing

Joint exercises

Establish TLM approach





ESSOR Information Release to NATO



- The following ESSOR information has been released to support NATO for the WBWF standardisation
 - **ESSOR HDRWF User Requirement (UC)**
 - Released on Dec. 12 to NHQC3Staff
 - **ESSOR HDR WF SSS (UC)**
 - Delivered on Sept. 15 to NHQC3Staff
 - **ESSOR IOP Demonstration supporting charts (UC)**
 - Released on Dec. 15 to NHQC3Staff
- ESSOR PS investigating further release of information



6. Conclusions



Why ESSOR is a Success



A common architecture

A common Interoperable waveform



A common methodology

National implementations

A common management

You can **buy** a product and use it jointly
OR

You can cooperate to **create knowledge** and best practice through an efficient management.



Conclusions

- Interoperability demonstrations between different national PTFs is a **world's first success.**
- The ESSOR HDRWF Testing Domain is extending from **Laboratory Testing** to **Field Testing** and initial **Field Test results** are in line with the expectations.
- Based on governmental development initiative and ESSOR HDRWF **interoperability achievements**, featuring **state-of-the art** capabilities and techniques and able to support future extensions, the ESSOR Stakeholders are convinced that this new **“interoperability through portability”** process is the best approach for **Coalition interoperability waveforms.**



Conclusions: ESSOR is now ...



- Ready to share our achievements to support standardization and coalition adoption
- Interoperability proven
- Portability proven
- Successfully field tested nationally and international field tests are starting

Operational community are looking forward to deploy on large and joint operational use



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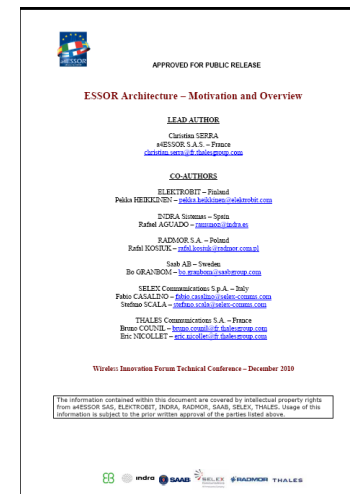
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More Information



Further reading:
<http://www.occar.int/42>



ESSOR Architecture information

ESSOR HDRWF – CAPABILITIES AND PERSPECTIVES OF AN INNOVATIVE COALITION WAVEFORM

ERROR HDR BASE WF - METHODOLOGY AND RESULTS FOR
DEVELOPING A PORTABLE COALITION WAVEFORM SOFTWARE

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ABSTRACT

The ESSOR HDR Base WF is the common portable software jointly developed by the ESSOR stakeholders in order to be ported on different heterogeneous national IDR platforms. As such, this is a significant result of ESSOR.

Before presenting the remainder of the key highlights of the EISOC Base WF, this paper reviews (a) the EISOC methodology for *Paradyntax*, a generic methodology intended to design and validate the Base WF, and relating it to the EISOC methodology for the development of the EISOC Base WF, with its reference structure; (b) the concepts, architectural implications and uses of the *Native Text Environment* (NTE) and (c) the results of current commercial projects demonstrating interoperability amongst these P2Ps.

2. HDRWF CAPABILITIES & ARCHITECTURE

1. INTRODUCTION

The European Secure Software defined Radio (ESSDR) Programme is a major Software Defined Radio (SDR) program established under the umbrella of the European Defence Agency (EDA), sponsored by the governments of Finland, France, Italy, Poland, Spain and Sweden. ESSDR has been awarded by the Organization Committee de Coopération en matière d'Armement (OCCAR) (2) to the joint venture Alliance for ESSDR (A4ESSDR S.A.S.) in charge of managing the industrial consortium composed of Alcatel Space, BAE Systems, Breda, EADS, Eldec, Eurocopter, GE, Indra, Leonardo, Lockheed Martin, Saab, STS, Thales, TRALES Communications & Security, SEREX ES, RADCOM, Indra and Saab AB.

Along with the definition and implementation of the ESSDR Architecture (3), as SDR, multipurpose extending the mobile

2.1. HDRSW Key Candidates

The HDKWF capabilities have been defined in order to sustain an evolutionarily development path. In the current phase of the programme: (A) Threshold Capabilities (T) refer to features that are subject to detailed design, simulation, software development, testing and interoperability testing; (B) Objective Capabilities (O) refer to features that are studied up to WF architecture definition, serious consideration

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common time reference (i.e. GNSS), to properly assess communication on the more and dynamic adaptation to the operational environment. In relation with the earlier activities, this paper presents an overview of the EISSOR. Next, the approach allowing the development of portable software (developed by the EISSOR stakeholders, supported by the Common Criteria assurance requirements). In that perspective, the current pending activities of this shared software on the different and heterogeneous National ISD Platforms are summarized. Finally this paper focuses on the different levels of system validation activities which are planned and which will coincide with interoperability tests amongst the various national ISD platforms.

Keywords: ESSOR; SDR; HSEW; Waferform; OCCAS; ATG; MANET; Common Criteria; Portability; SCA; IP; UML; Case Waferform; Native Test Environment;

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1038.

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ERROR HDRWF - SECURE COALITION WAVEFORM

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Finally this paper highlights the lessons learned and presents the evolutions of the NDIRWF currently in preparation.

| 1. INTRODUCTION | 2. HENRY CAPABILITIES & ARCHITECTURE |
|---|---|
| <p>The European Science Software defined Radio (ESSOR) Programme is a major Software Defined Radio (SDR) programme established under the umbrella of the European Defence Agency (EDA), sponsored by the governments of Finland, France, Italy, Poland, Spain and Sweden (ESSOR PG). The ESSOR PG decided to delegate the management of the programme to the European Defence Agency, and to participate in the programme</p> | <p>This section summarizes the capabilities and architecture of the HENRY, an innovative concept across high data rate, multi- and multi-networking systems for land, maritime, airborne, brigade and below. An in-depth description of the HENRY operational concepts of use can be found in [6]. HENRY was designed mainly addressing the requirements of</p> |

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ESSOR HDRWF information